

R315. Environmental Quality, Solid and Hazardous Waste.

R315-5. Hazardous Waste Generator Requirements.

R315-5-1. Purpose, Scope, and Applicability.

1.10 PURPOSE, SCOPE, AND APPLICABILITY.

(a) R315-5 establishes standards for generators of hazardous waste.

(b) R315-2-5, which incorporates by reference, 40 CFR 261.5(c) and (d), must be used to determine the applicability of provisions of R315-5 that are dependent on calculations of the quantity of hazardous waste generated per month.

(c) A generator who treats, stores, or disposes of hazardous waste on-site shall only comply with the following sections of this rule with respect to that waste: R315-5-1.11, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 262.11, for determining whether or not he has a hazardous waste, R315-5-1.12 for obtaining an EPA identification number, R315-5-3.34 for accumulation of hazardous waste, R315-5-4.40(c) and (d) for recordkeeping, R315-5-4.43 for additional reporting, and if applicable, R315-5-7 for farmers.

(d) Any person who exports or imports hazardous waste as identified in R315-5-8, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 262.80(a), and is subject to the manifesting requirements of R315-5, or subject to the universal waste management standards as found in R315-16, to or from the countries listed in 40 CFR 262.58(a)(1), which R315-5-5 incorporates by reference, for recovery shall comply with R315-5-8, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 262 subpart H.

(e) Any person who imports hazardous waste into the United States shall comply with the standards applicable to generators established in R315-5.

(f) A farmer who generates waste pesticides which are hazardous wastes and who complies with all the requirements of R315-5-7 is not required to comply with other standards in this rule or R315-3, R315-7, R315-8, or R315-13, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 268, with respect to these pesticides.

(g) A person who generates a hazardous waste as defined by R315-2 is subject to the compliance requirements and penalties prescribed in The Utah Solid and Hazardous Waste Act if he does not comply with the requirements of this rule.

A generator who treats, stores, or disposes of hazardous waste on-site shall comply with the applicable standards and permit requirements set forth in R315-3, R315-7, and R315-8.

(h) An owner or operator who initiates a shipment of hazardous waste from a treatment, storage, or disposal facility shall comply with the generator standards established in R315-5.

The provisions of R315-5-3.34, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 262.34, are applicable to the on-site accumulation of hazardous waste by generators. Therefore, the provisions of R315-5-3.34, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 262.34, only apply to owners or operators who are shipping hazardous waste which they generated at that facility.

A generator who treats, stores, or disposes of hazardous waste on-site shall comply with the applicable standards and permit requirements set forth in R315-3, R315-7, R315-8, R315-13, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 268, and R315-14.

(i) The laboratories owned by an eligible academic entity that chooses to be subject to the requirements of R315-5-9, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 262.200 - 262.216, are not subject to (for purposes of this paragraph, the terms “laboratory” and “eligible academic entity” shall have the meaning as defined in 40 CFR 262.200):

(1) The requirements of R315-5-1.11 or R315-5-3.34, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 262.34(c), for large quantity generators and small quantity generators, except as provided in R315-5-9, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 262.200 – 216, and

(2) The conditions of R315-2-5, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 261.5(b), for conditionally exempt small quantity generators, except as provided in R315-5-9, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 262.200 – 216.

1.11 HAZARDOUS WASTE DETERMINATION

The requirements of 40 CFR 262.11, 1994 ed., as amended by 60 FR 25540, May 11, 1995, are adopted and incorporated by reference with the following exception:

Substitute "Board" for all federal regulation references made to "Administrator".

1.12 EPA IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

(a) A generator shall not treat, store, dispose of, transport, or offer for transportation, hazardous waste without having received an EPA identification number from the Executive Secretary.

(b) A generator who has not received an EPA identification number may obtain one by applying to the Executive Secretary using EPA form 8700-12. Upon receiving the request the Executive Secretary will assign an EPA identification number to the generator.

(c) A generator shall not offer his hazardous waste to transporters or to treatment, storage, or disposal facilities that do not have an EPA identification number.

R315-5-2. The Manifest.

A sample hazardous waste manifest form containing information required pursuant to these rules is found in the Appendix to 40 CFR 262. All applicable sections of each manifest shall be completely and legibly filled out.

2.20 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

(a)[(1)] A generator who transports, or offers for transportation, a hazardous waste for off-site treatment, storage, or disposal or a treatment, storage, or disposal facility who offers for transport a rejected hazardous waste load shall prepare a Manifest OMB control number 2050-0039 on EPA form 8700-22, and, if necessary, EPA form 8700-22A[; according to the instructions, including the additional information requirements, found in R315-50-1, which incorporates by reference]. The requirements of 40 CFR 262, Appendix, 2009 ed., are adopted and incorporated by reference with the following exception:

substitute "Executive Secretary" for all federal regulation references made to "Regional Administrator."

~~[(2) The revised Manifest form and procedures in R315-1-1(b), which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 260.10, R315-2-7, R315-5-2.20, 21, 27, R315-5-3.32, 33, 34, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 262.34, R315-5-5, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 262.54, R315-5-6, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 262.60, and R315-50-1, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 262 Appendix, shall not apply until September 5, 2006. The manifest form and procedures in R315-1-1(b), which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 260.10, R315-2-7, R315-5-2.20, 21, R315-5-3.32, 33, 34, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 262.34, R315-5-5, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 262.54, R315-5-6, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 262.60, and R315-50-1, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR 262 Appendix, contained in the R315-1 to 8, edition revised as of September 15, 2004 shall be applicable until September 5, 2006.]~~

(b) A generator shall designate on the manifest one facility which is permitted to handle the waste described on the manifest.

(c) A generator may also designate on the manifest one alternate facility which is permitted to handle his waste in the event an emergency prevents delivery of the waste to the primary designated facility.

(d) If the transporter is unable to deliver the hazardous waste to the designated facility or the alternate facility, the generator shall either designate another facility or instruct the transporter to return the waste.

(e) These manifest requirements do not apply to hazardous waste produced by generators of greater than 100 kg but less than 1000 kg in a calendar month where:

(1) The waste is reclaimed under a contractual agreement pursuant to which:

(i) The type of waste and frequency of shipments are specified in the agreement;

(ii) The vehicle used to transport the waste to the recycling facility and to deliver regenerated material back to the generator is owned and operated by the reclaimer of the waste; and

(2) The generator maintains a copy of the reclamation agreement in his files for a period of at least three years after termination or expiration of the agreement.

(f) The requirements of R315-5-2 and R315-5-3.32(b) do not apply to the transport of hazardous wastes on a public or private right-of-way within or along the border of contiguous property under the control of the same person, even if such contiguous property is divided by a public or private right-of-way. Notwithstanding R315-6-1.10(a), the generator or transporter shall comply with the requirements for transporters set forth in R315-9-1 and R315-9-3 in the event of a discharge of hazardous waste on a public or private right-of-way.

2.21 MANIFEST TRACKING NUMBERS, MANIFEST PRINTING, AND OBTAINING MANIFESTS

The requirements of 40 CFR 262.21, 2005 ed., are adopted and incorporated by reference.

2.22 NUMBER OF COPIES

The manifest shall consist of at least the number of copies which will provide the generator, each transporter, and the owner or operator of the designated facility with one copy each for their records and another copy to be returned to the generator.

2.23 USE OF THE MANIFEST

(a) The generator shall:

(1) Sign the manifest certification by hand; and

(2) Obtain the handwritten signature of the initial transporter and date of acceptance on the manifest; and

(3) Retain one copy, in accordance with R315-5-4.40(a).

(b) The generator shall give the transporter the remaining copies of the manifest.

(c) Hazardous wastes to be shipped within Utah solely by water (bulk shipments only) require that the generator send three copies of the manifest dated and signed in accordance with this section to the owner and operator of the designated facility or the last water (bulk shipment) transporter to handle the waste in the United States if exported by water. Copies of the manifest are not required for each transporter.

(d) For rail shipments of the hazardous wastes within Utah which originate at the site of generation, the generator shall send at least three copies of the manifest dated and

signed in accordance with this section to:

- (1) The next non-rail transporter, if any; or
- (2) The designated facility if transported solely by rail; or
- (3) The last rail transporter to handle the waste in the United States if exported by rail.

(e) The generator shall include on the manifest a description of the hazardous waste(s) as set forth in the regulations of the U.S. Department of Transportation in 49 CFR 172.101, 172.202, and 172.203.

(f) For shipments of hazardous waste to a designated facility in an authorized state which has not yet obtained federal authorization to regulate that particular waste as hazardous, the generator must assure that the designated facility agrees to sign and return the manifest to the generator, and that any out-of-state transporter signs and forwards the manifest to the designated facility.

2.27 WASTE MINIMIZATION CERTIFICATION

A generator who initiates a shipment of hazardous waste must certify to one of the following statements in Item 15 of the uniform hazardous waste manifest:

(a) "I am a large quantity generator. I have a program in place to reduce the volume and toxicity of waste generated to the degree I have determined to be economically practicable and I have selected the practicable method of treatment, storage, or disposal currently available to me which minimizes the present and future threat to human health and the environment;" or

(b) "I am a small quantity generator. I have made a good faith effort to minimize my waste generation and select the best waste management method that is available to me and that I can afford."

R315-5-9. Alternative Requirements for Hazardous Waste Determination and Accumulation of Unwanted Material for Laboratories Owned by Eligible Academic Entities.

The requirements of 40 CFR 262 subpart K, 262.200 – 262.216, 2009 ed., are adopted and incorporated by reference with the following exception:

substitute "Executive Secretary" for all references made to "Regional Administrator."

KEY: hazardous waste

Date of Enactment or Last Substantive Amendment: December 1, 2006

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